

Developing efficient and transparent groundwater modeling workflows to aid with decision support

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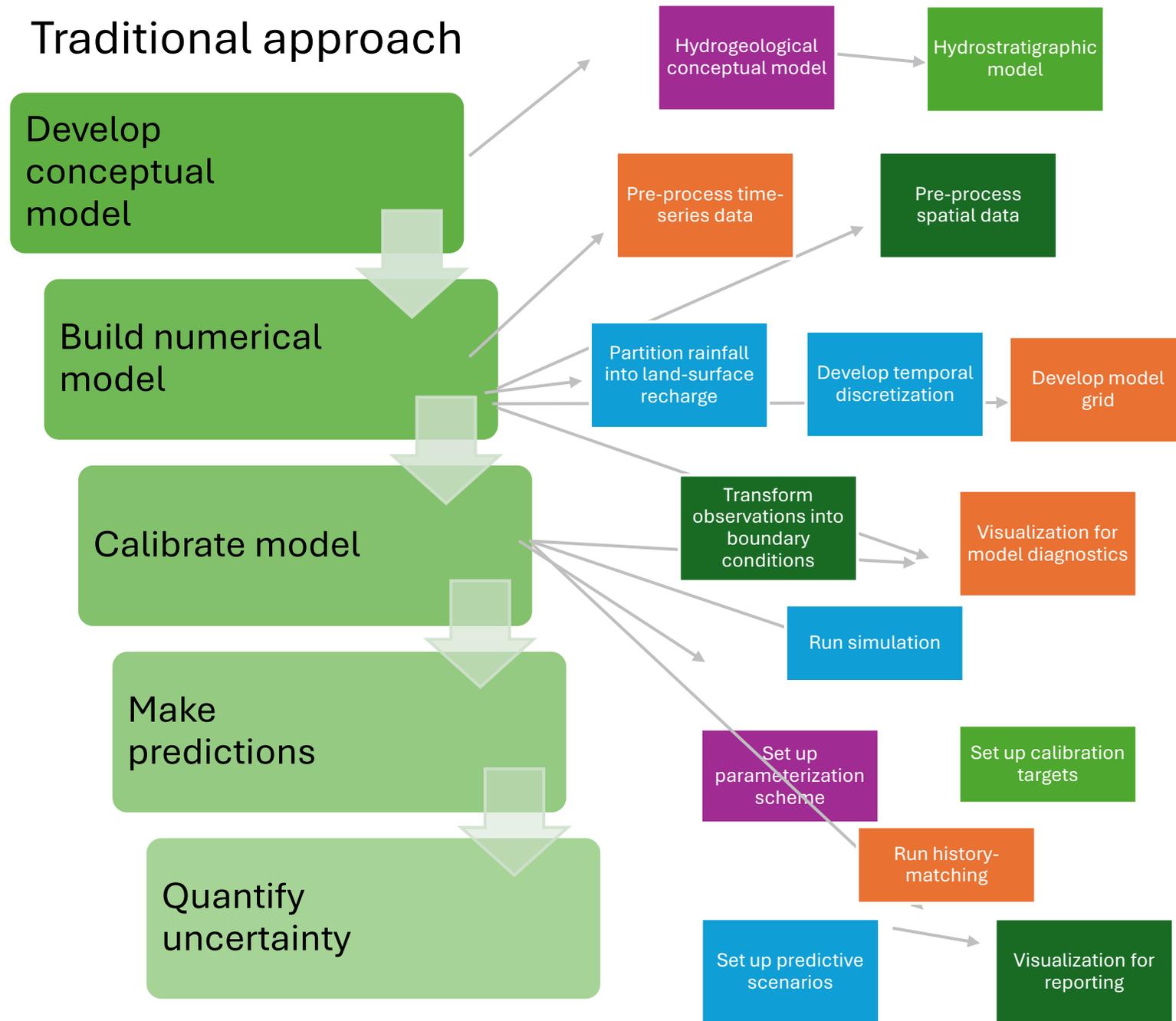
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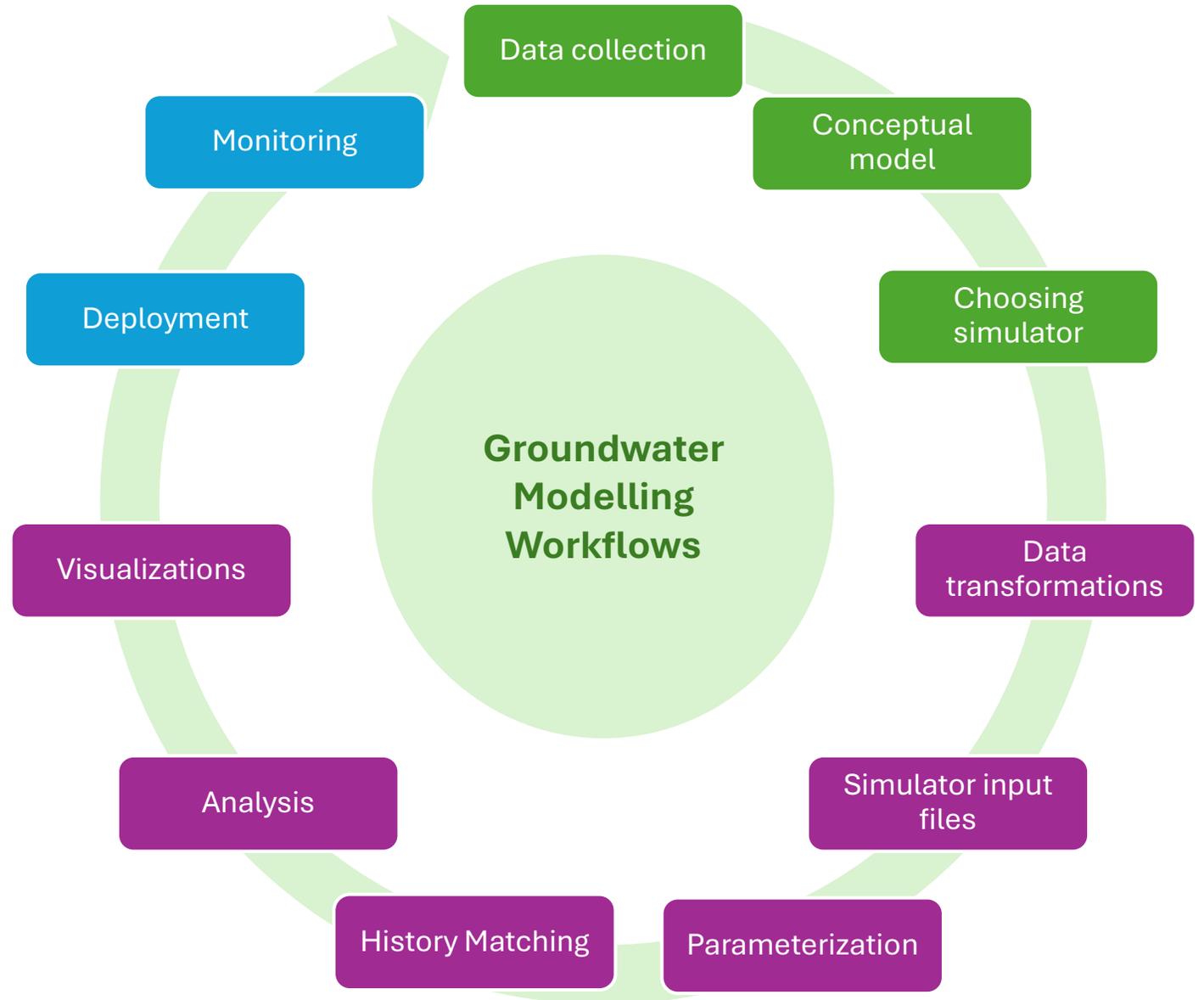


Groundwater modelling workflow

Traditional approach



Fully scripted modelling workflows



Fully scripted modelling workflows

Findable

- Do we know where the model is?

Accessible

- Is the model in a format that can be easily accessed?

Interoperable

- Can the model be used by other people?
- Do the model outputs work with other project aspects?

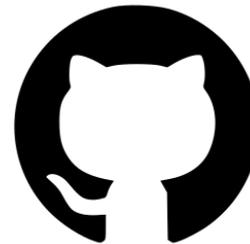
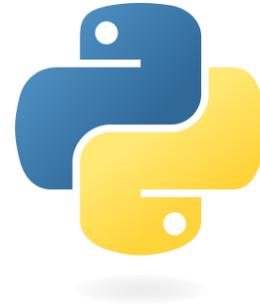
Reusable / reproducible

- Can we reproduce the model?
- Can we reuse components of the model for other purposes?

Fully scripted modelling workflows

Development tools

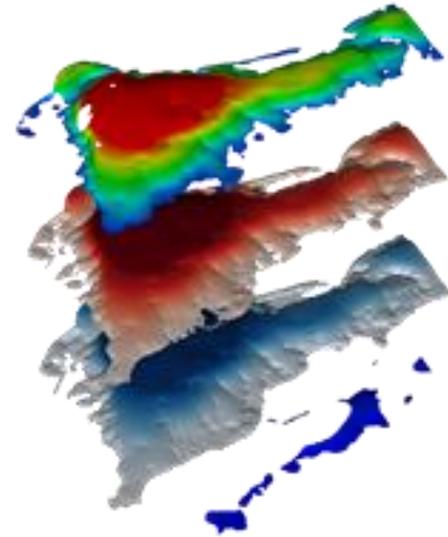
- Flexible programming languages for data processing and wrapping everything together (e.g., python)
- Version control in code repositories to keep track of scripts
- Developer platforms for interacting with repositories and collaborating across organisations
- Integrated Development Editors (IDEs) to facilitate code development



Fully scripted modelling workflows

Simulation and data processing tools

- Spatial libraries for geospatial data processing (GeoPandas, Shapely)
- Time-series processing (Pandas, Pastas)
- Simulator and support libraries such as FloPy and or MODFLOW-SETUP
- GUI support (Groundwater Vistas, FEFLOW)



PASTAS

Example: Hutt Aquifer Model



Hutt Aquifer Model

Modelling objectives

Planning

- Wellfield replacement strategy
- Water resource management
- Monitoring system design

Operations

- Yield forecasting and optimisation
- Contamination response
- Aquifer management

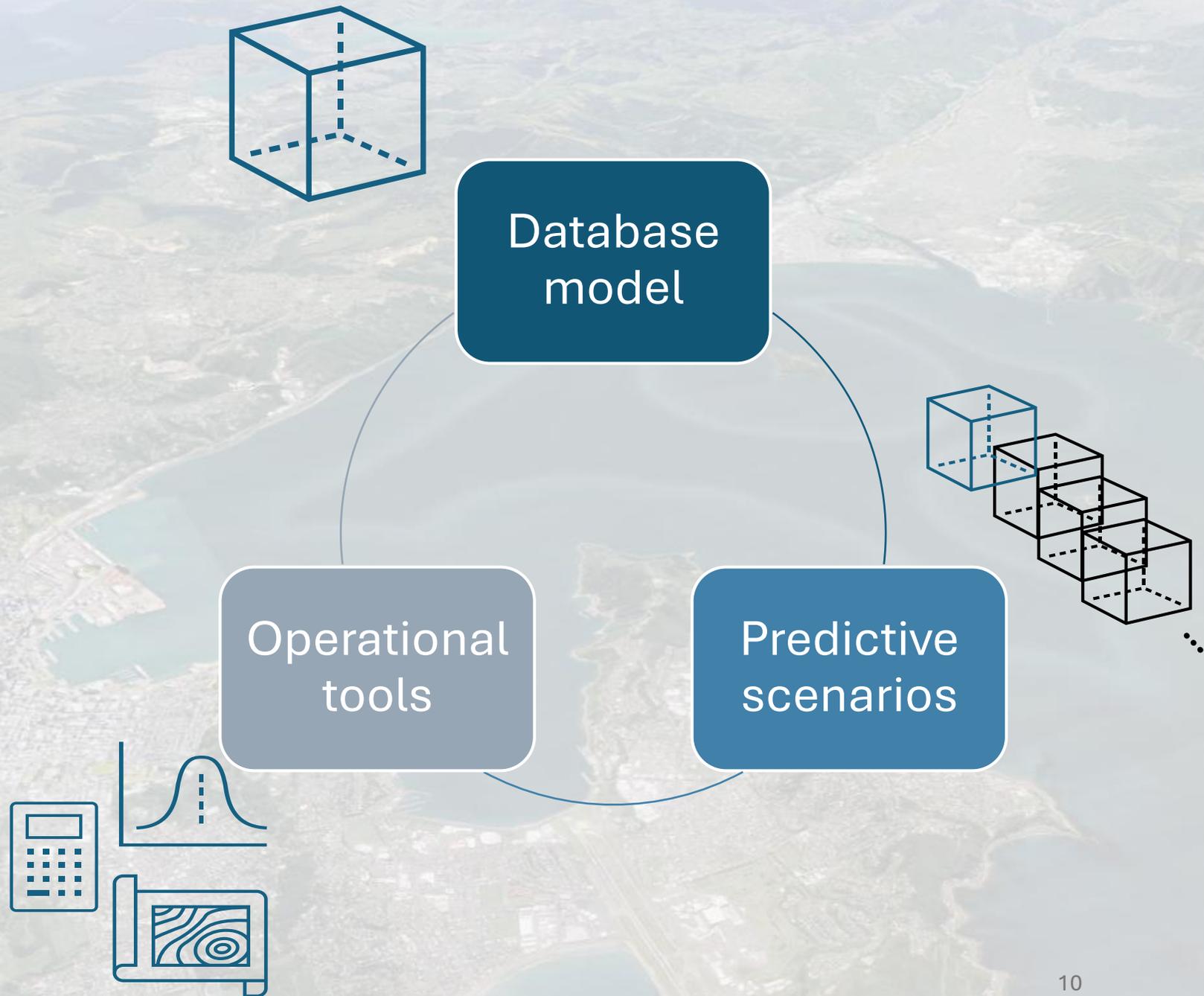
Uncertainty with respect to:

- Geological conceptual model
- Permitting requirements
- Asset replacement strategy



Scripted modelling approach

Example: Hutt Aquifer Model



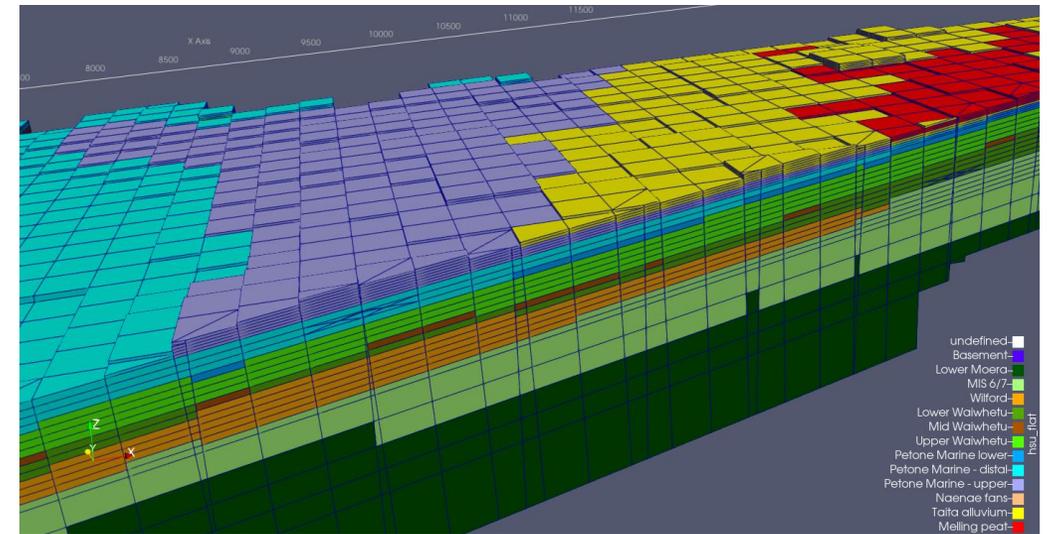
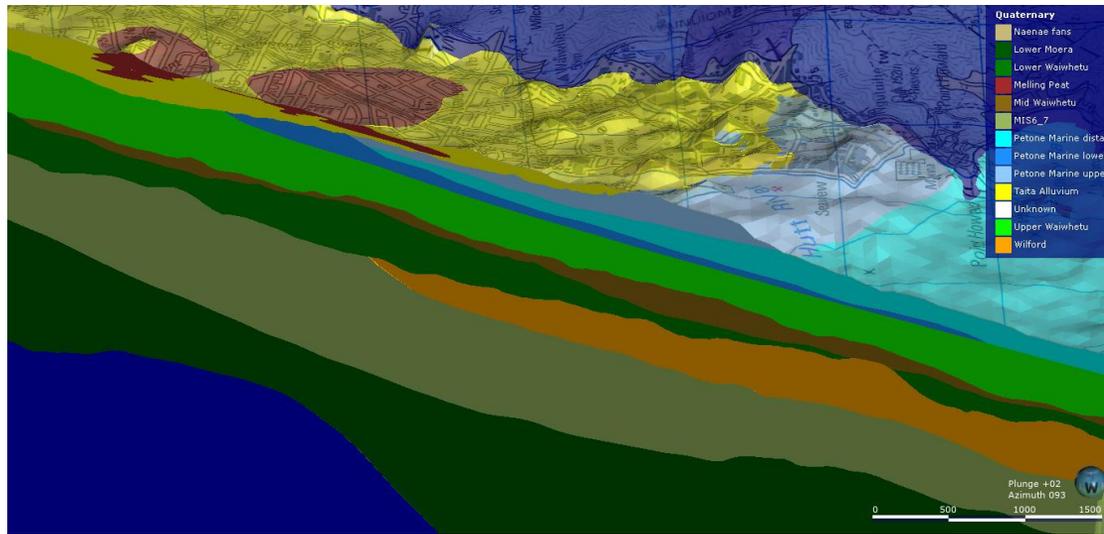
Hutt Aquifer Model

Modelling components

- Leapfrog hydrostratigraphic model
- Boundary conditions derived from climate data and an existing surface water model
- Simulation with MODFLOW 6
- History-matching using PEST_HP, incorporating PLPROC
- Uncertainty analysis with PEST-IES
- Reporting and interactive visualization with Plotly

Hutt Aquifer Model

Hydrostratigraphic model

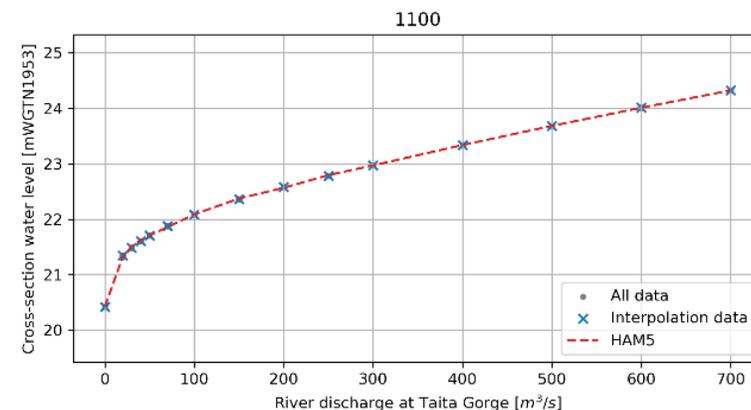
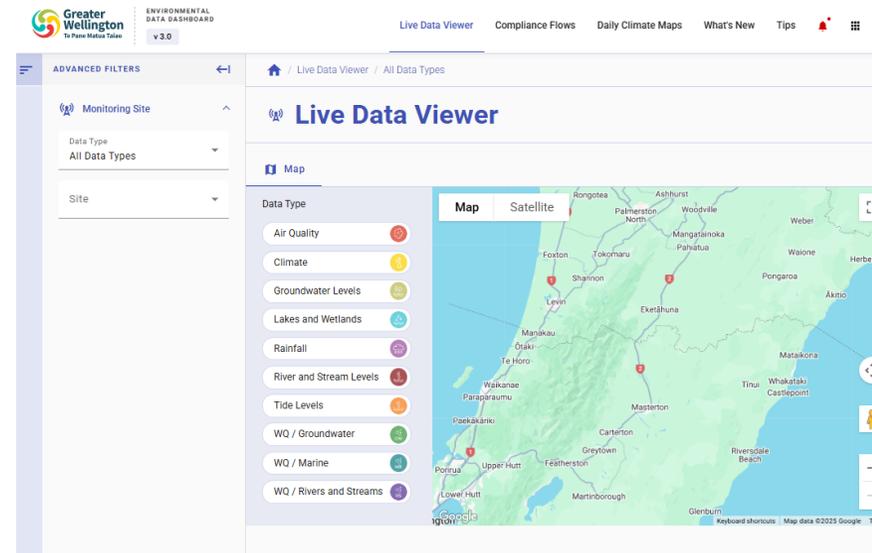


- Evaluation of hydrostratigraphy to the model grid
- Flexibility to account for uncertainty in the geological model

Hutt Aquifer Model

Boundary conditions

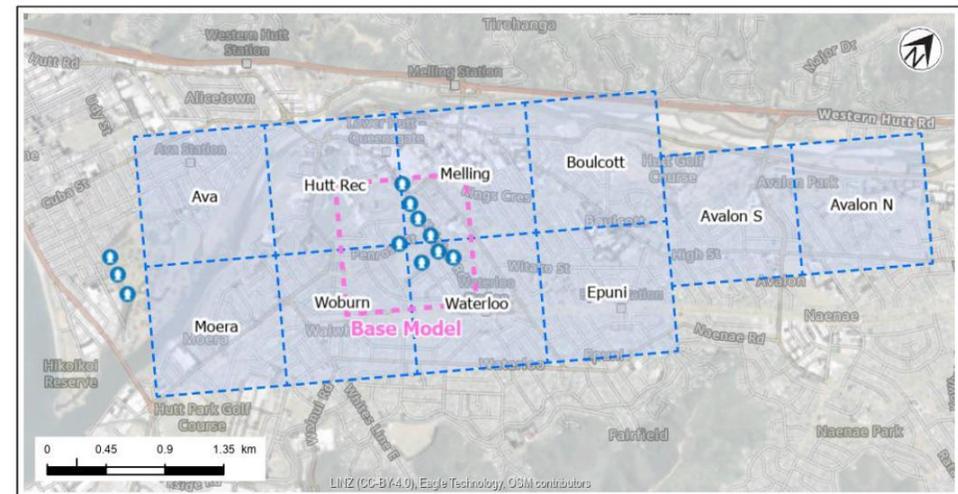
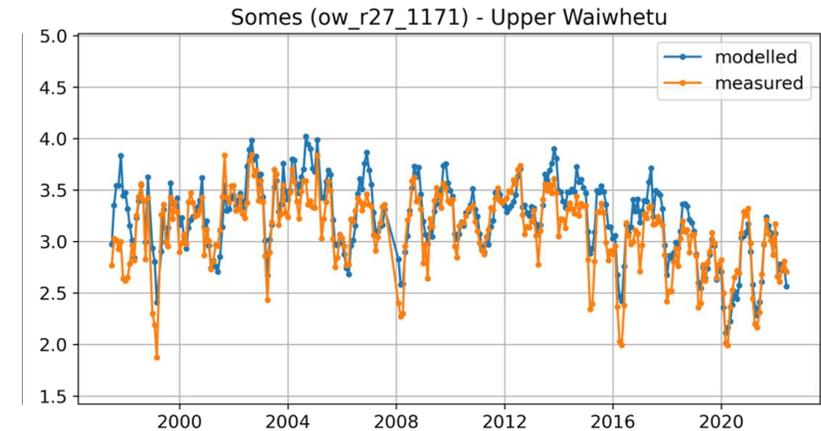
- Observations downloaded via Application Programming Interface
 - Climate
 - Groundwater levels
 - River flows
- Pumping provided by water supplier
- Land-surface recharge calculated using python functions
- River boundaries derived from existing surface water model



Hutt Aquifer Model

Model results

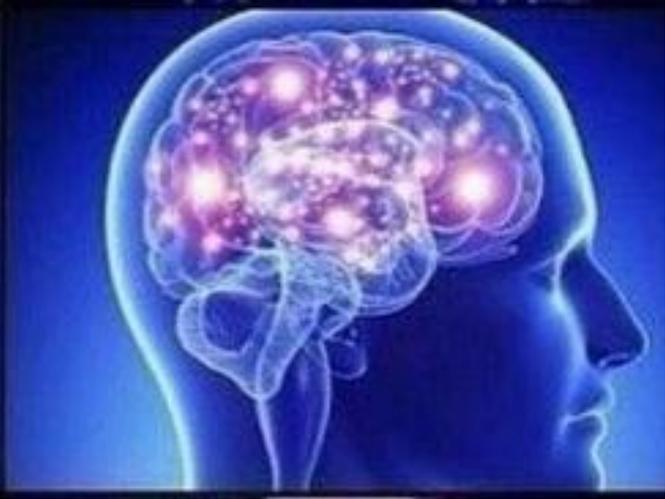
- Approach supported iterative history-matching parameterization schemes as well as predictive scenario analysis
- Flexible temporal and spatial discretization for local-scale issues possible



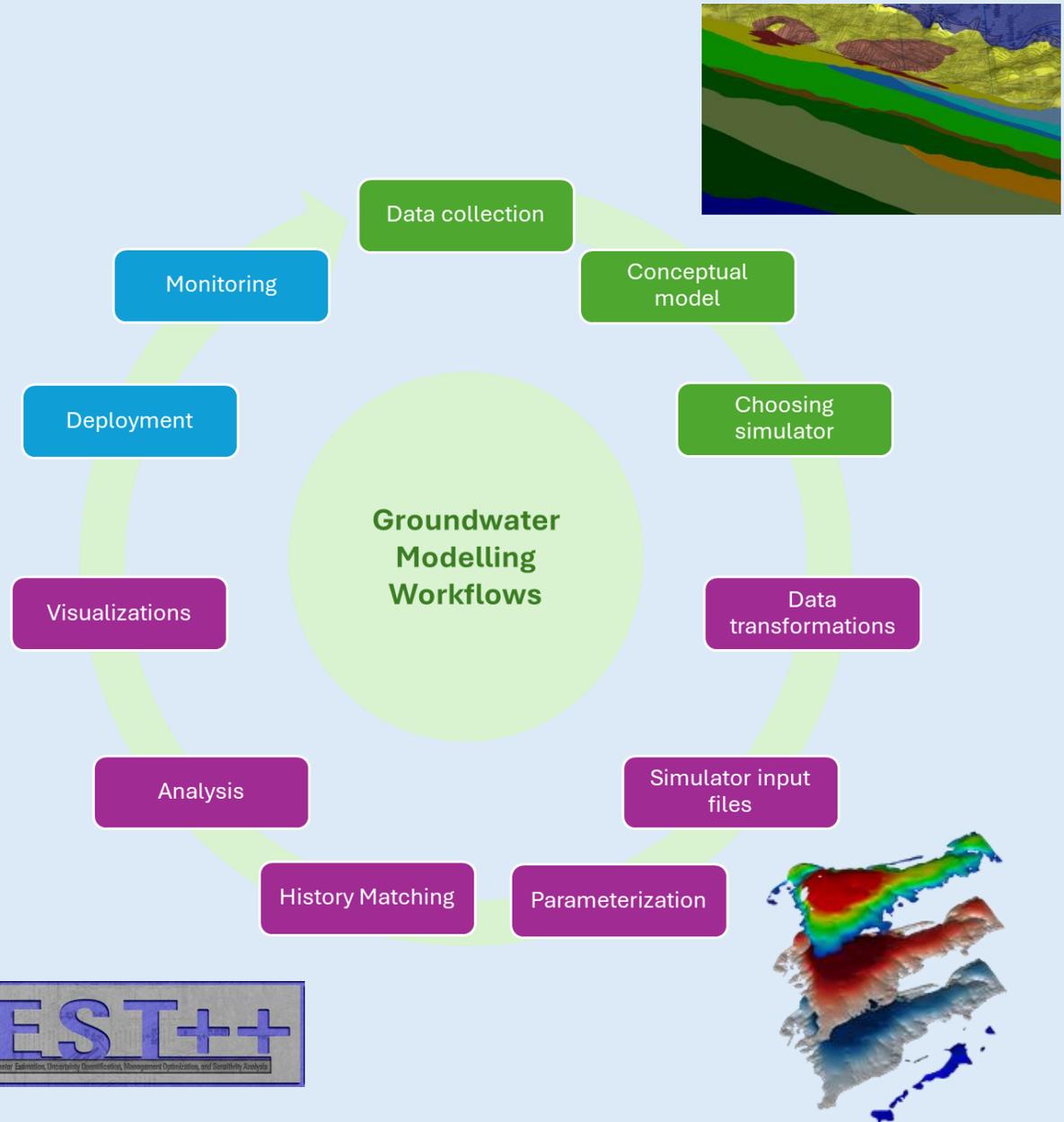
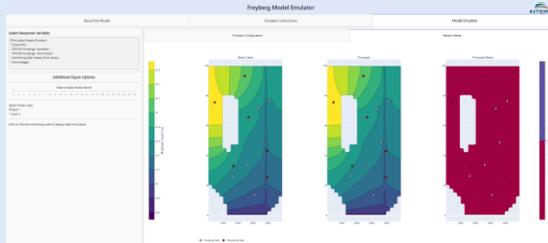
Hutt Aquifer Model

Lessons learned

- Engage early with end users and stakeholders to determine predictions of interest and model uses
- Version control can save your bacon
- Set up your diagnostic visualizations early to avoid surprises
- Configuration files (e.g., toml, yaml) can be helpful to track simulation setups
- Setting up a computational environment cannot be neglected (e.g., python virtual environments, Docker containerization)



Groundwater modelling workflows

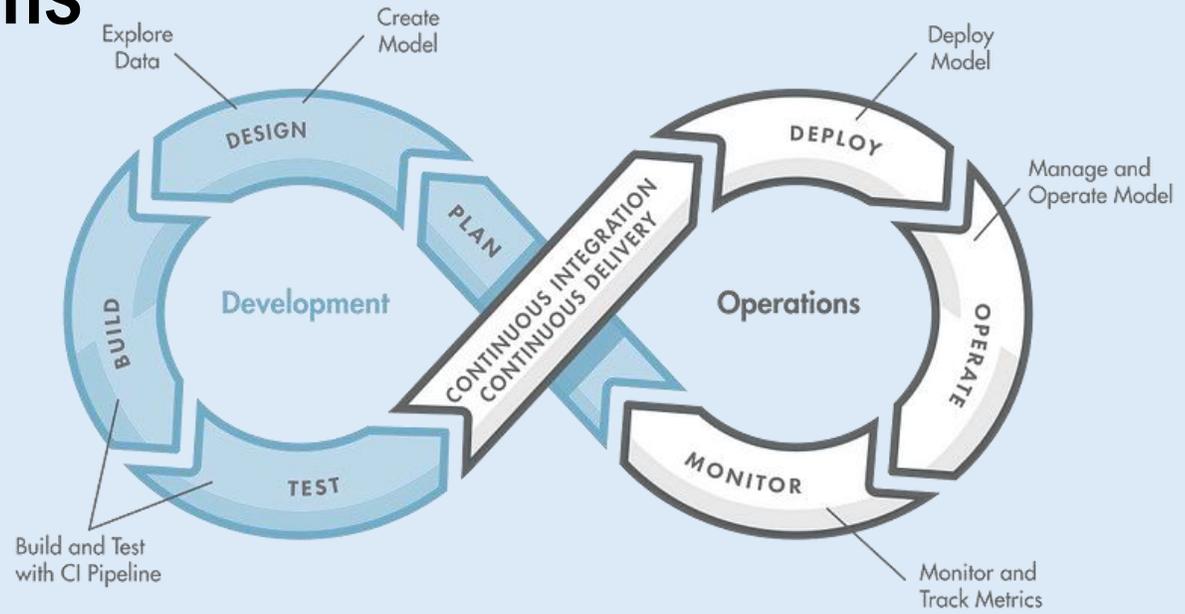




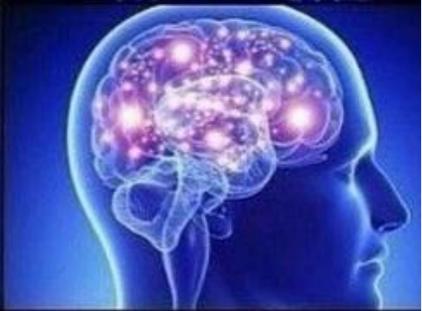
Groundwater modelling workflows



Machine Learning Operations



MLOps - MATLAB & Simulink



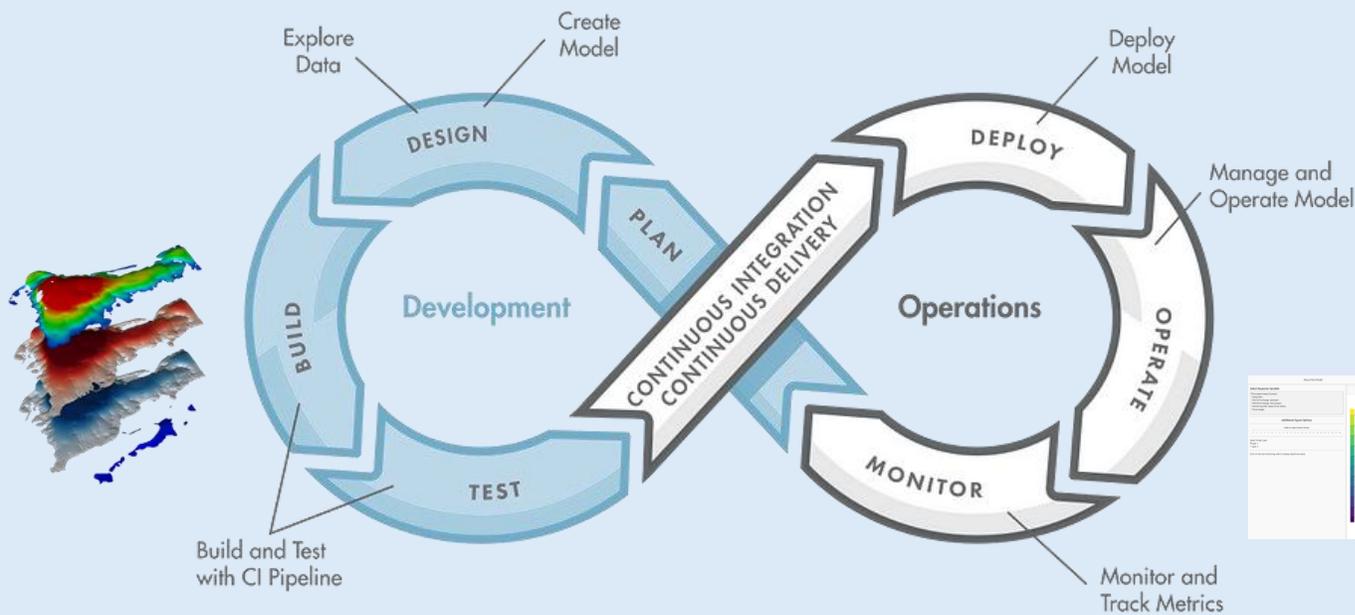
Groundwater modelling workflows



Machine learning operations



Decision Support Operations



The opportunities of DSOps

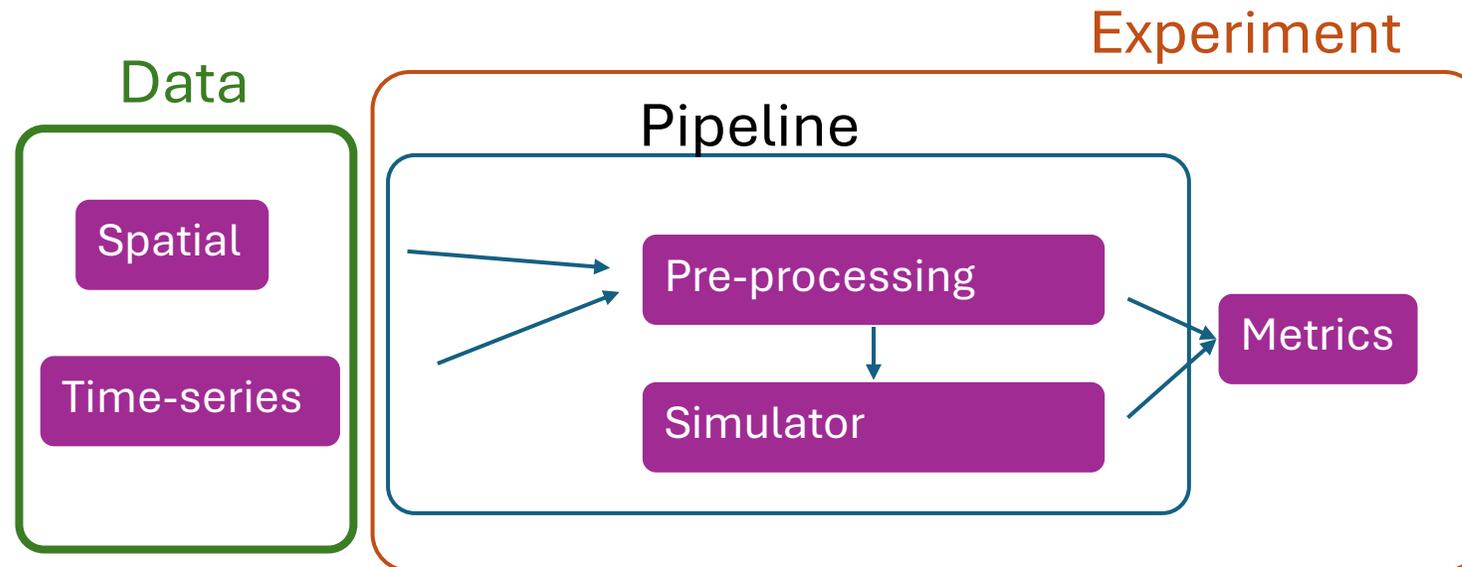
- Cool new words to use!
- Explicit definition and versioning of data, pipelines and metrics
- Tracking of experiments and models
- Test-driven development – model review built in
- Link predictions to models and subsequent uses
- Ubiquity of data science and machine learning tools to assist

DSOps in practice

Prediction 1



Experiment 1: Simulator setup



DSOps in practice

Prediction 1



Experiment 1: Simulator setup

Experiment 2: Add history-matching

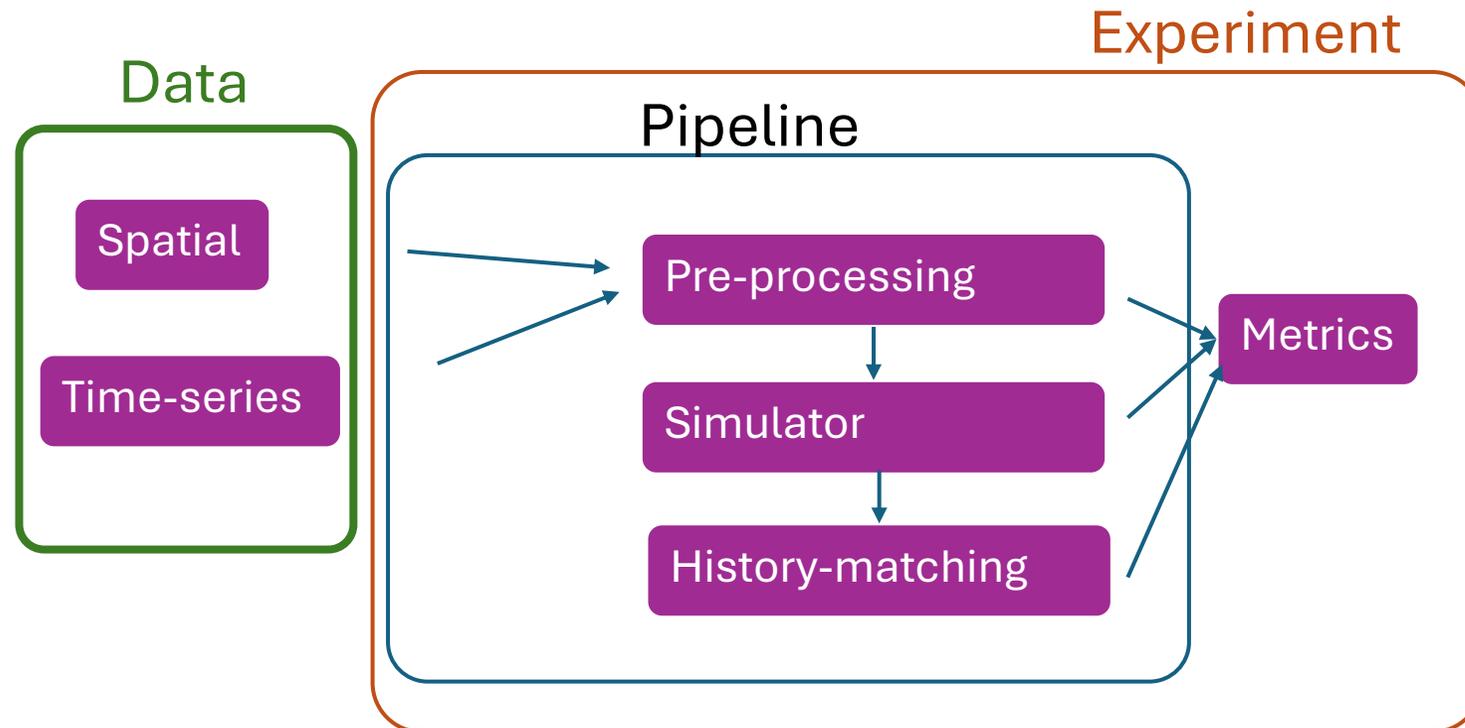
Experiment 3: Change parameterization scheme

Experiment 4: Predictive simulation

Prediction 2

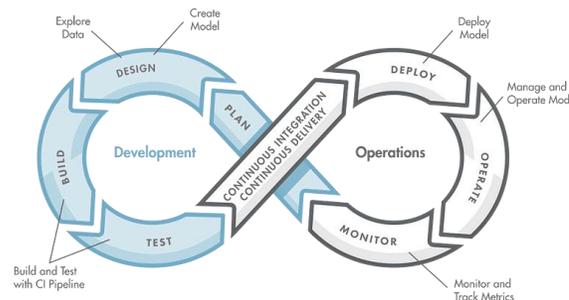
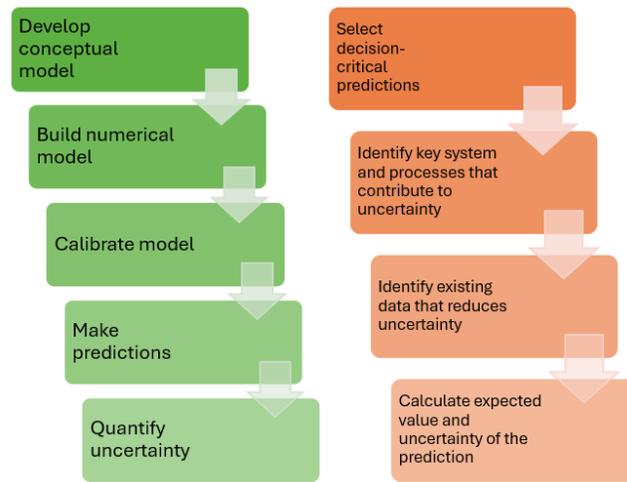


Experiment 5: Predictive simulation



Summary

Developing efficient and transparent groundwater modeling workflows to aid with decision support



Prediction-focussed modelling requires efficient and transparent workflow approaches

Scripted groundwater modelling workflows successfully applied to the Hutt Aquifer, New Zealand

Existing and emerging data science approaches can assist with modelling decision support workflows (DSOps)

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