CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

Atmospheric Rivers and Extremes in a Changing Climate

CWEMF April 18, 2023



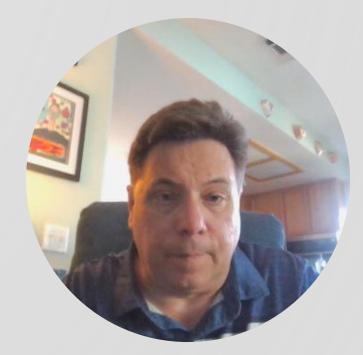
Michael L. Anderson, State Climatologist

Key Points

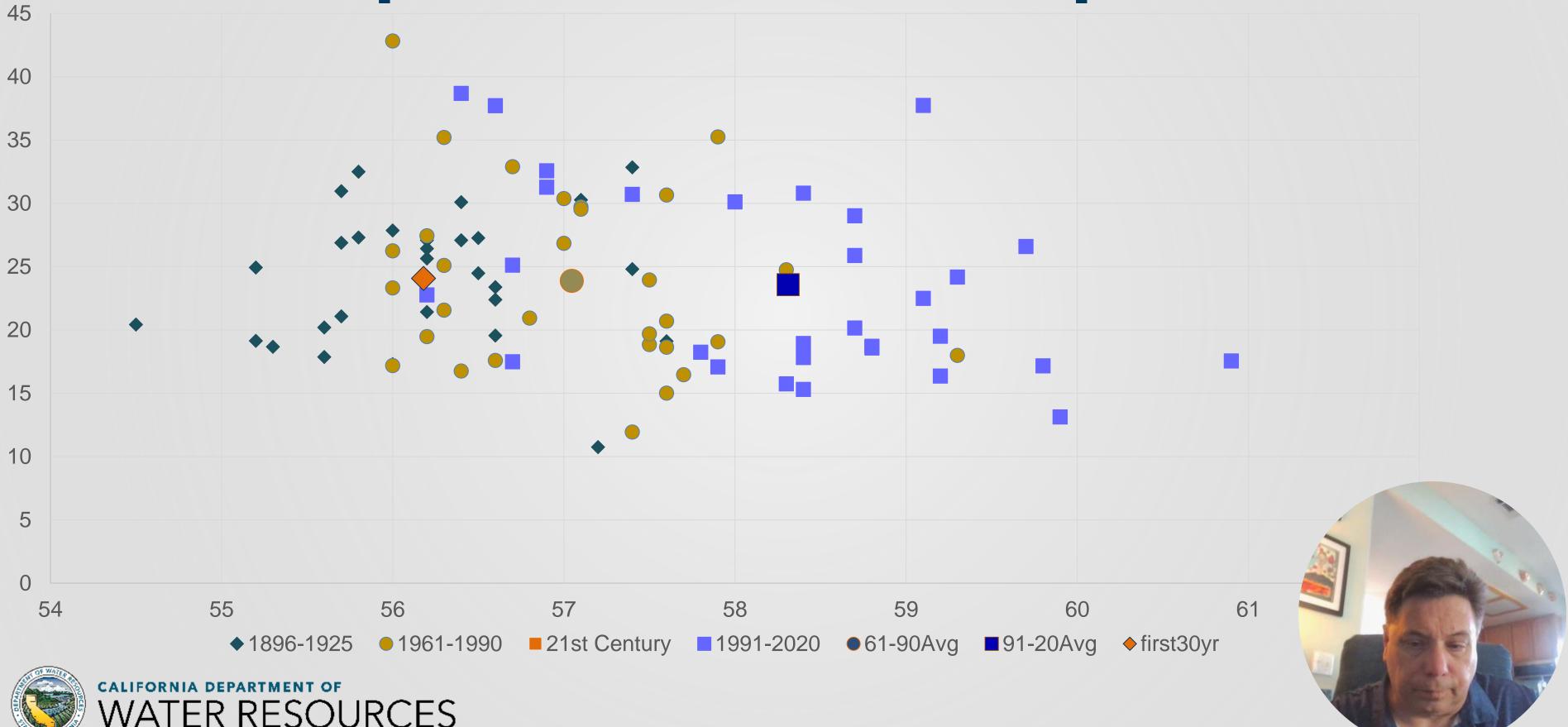
- Atmospheric Rivers key physical phenomena to California's water supply and flood risk
- Changes to timing, pace, and scale of events will determine water year outcomes as climate changes
- Warming temperatures will lead to more dynamic drying between precipitation events impacting runoff



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CA Temperature and Precipitation

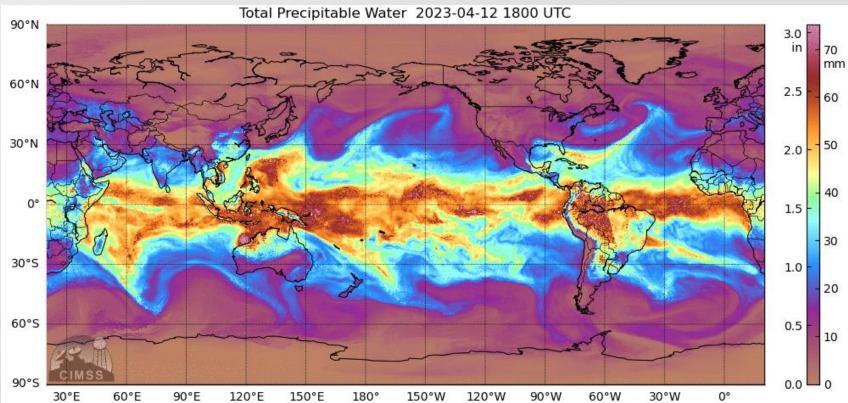




Atmospheric River (AR) Key Points

- AR influenced precipitation accounts for 40-60% of annual precipitation in California
- AR extreme precipitation accounts for about 90% of flooding in Northern California
- Key Characteristics:
 - Integrated Vapor Transport (IVT)
 - Duration of AR conditions
 - Freezing Elevation Dynamics





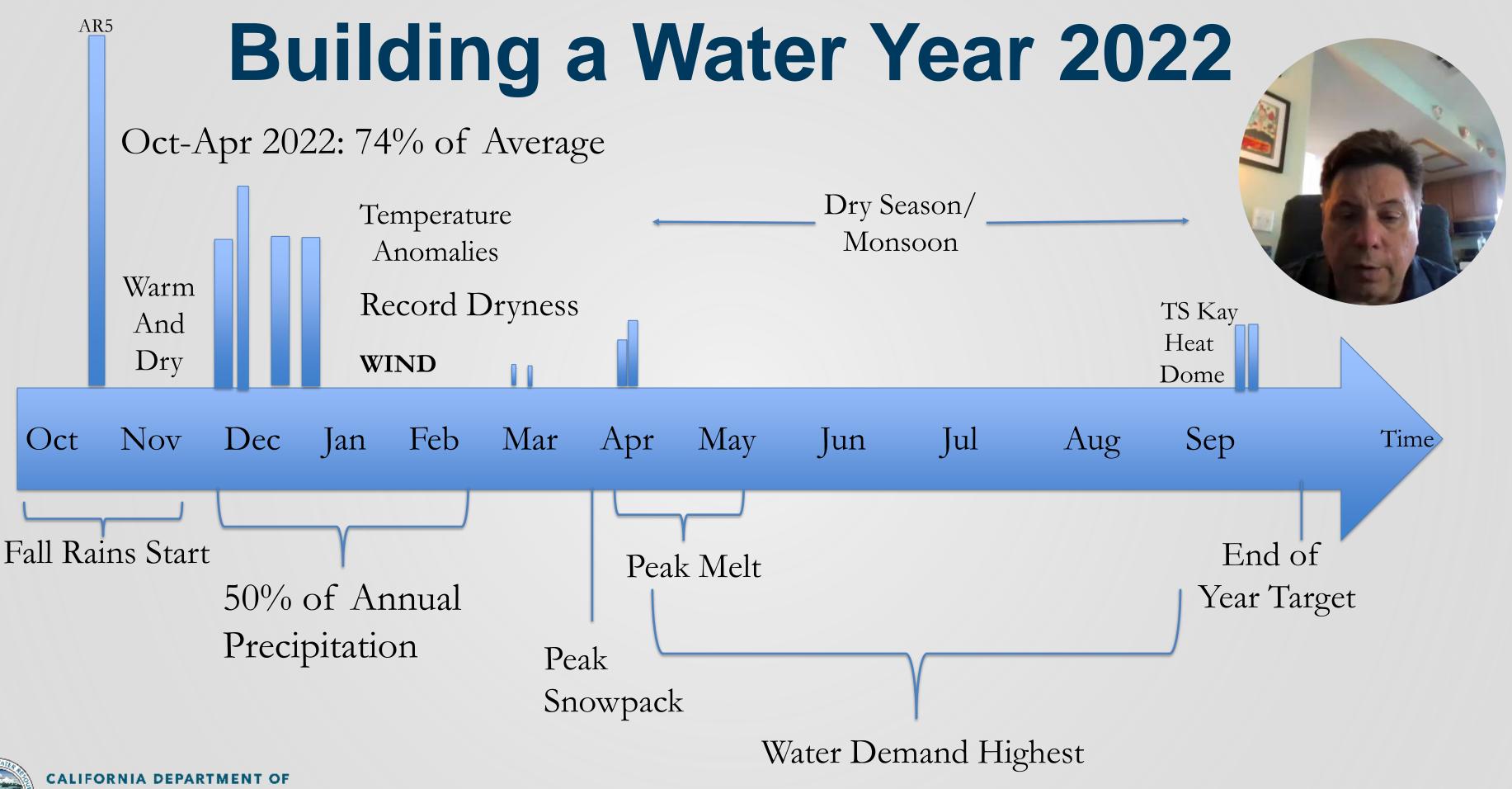


Building a Water Year

- Timing When in the water year the event occurs
- Pace How quickly or slowly storms occur
- Scale Size of each event
- Climatic Water Deficit Temperature induced drying of landscape due to evaporative demand of atmosphere





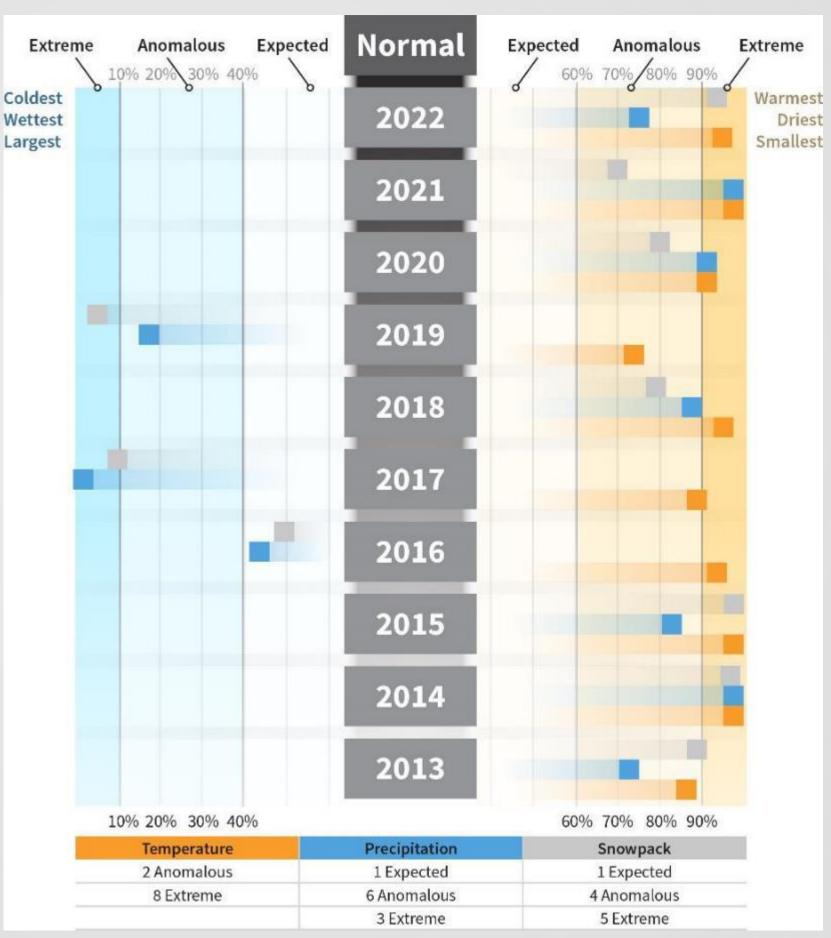




What Type of Year?

- Different strategies for different conditions:
 - Expected
 - Anomalous
 - Extreme
- Reference Frame and frequency of category important







Building the Water Years

- **Antecedent Conditions**
- Fall (October/November)
 - Precipitation Onset
 - Temperature Anomaly
 - Soil Moisture State with Snowpack Initiation
- Winter
 - (December/January/February)
 - Wet/Dry
 - Notable Anomalies

Climate Change: How much different will the next decade be?

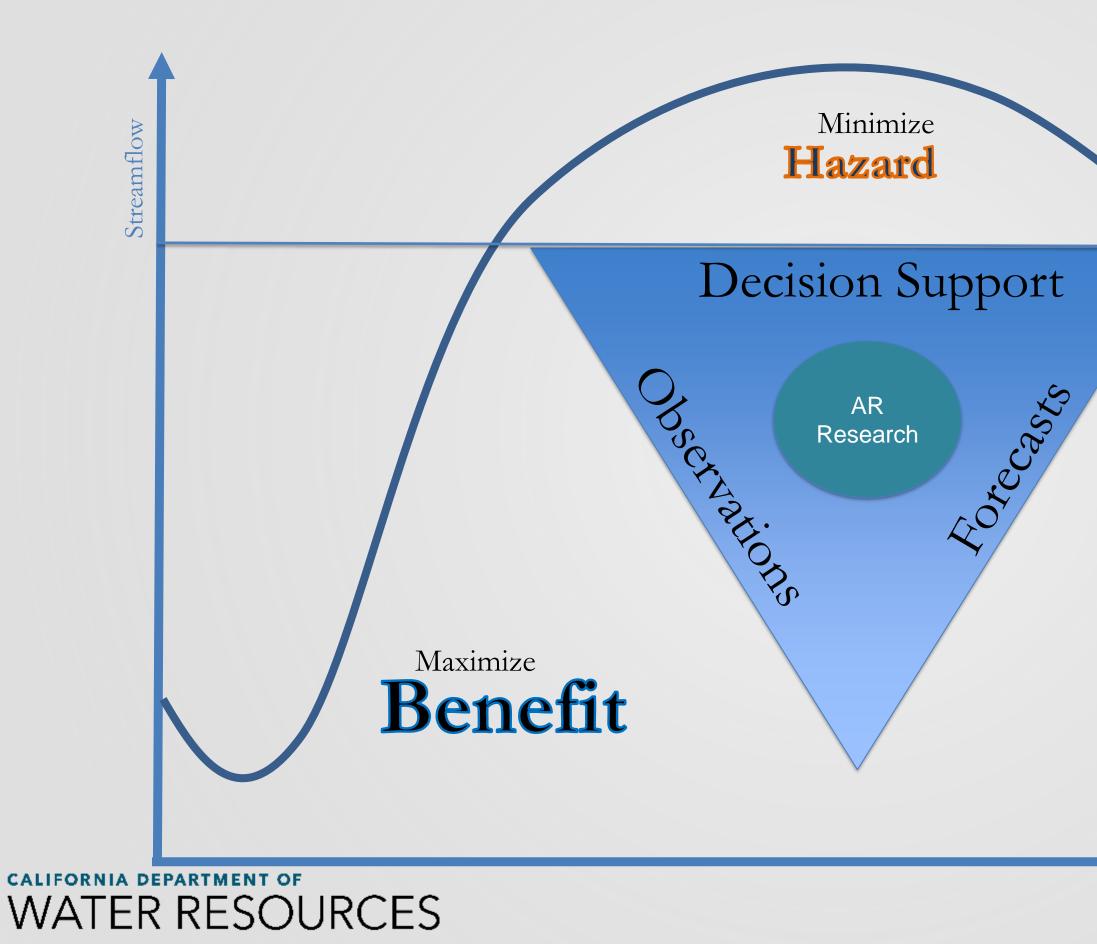


- Spring (March/April/May) – Late-Season Bailout or Early Shutoff? Peak Snowpack Timing and Magnitude

- Summer (June/July/August/September)
 - Drying Pace and Scale
 - Heat Events
 - Tropical Activity
- Multi-Year Prediction What about next year?



Real-Time Water Management







Managed Volume Capability



Closing Thoughts

- Quality data at multiple space and time scales needed to adequately determine water year conditions
- Understanding how timing, pace and scale of ARs build a water year and its outcome as expected, anomalous or extreme can frame management strategies
- Collaboration with research key to adapting to novel extremes



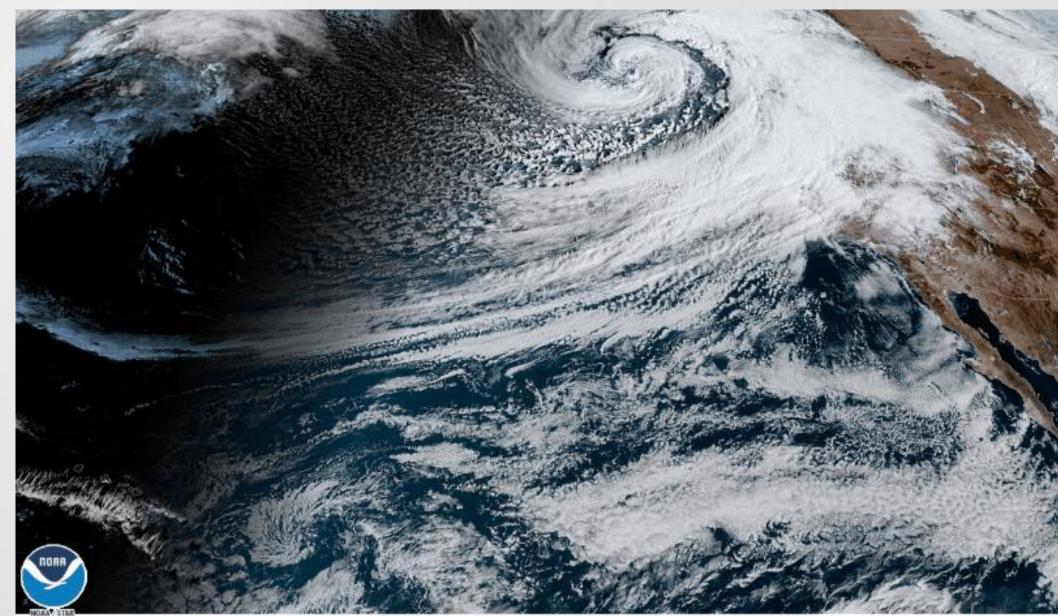
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Questions?

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